

CYNTHIANA, Feb. 25th, 1856.
JNO. O. HODGES, THOS. A. CURRAN, A. H. WARD, and R. H. FORRESTER, Esqs.
GENTLEMEN: In the last number of the "Cynthiana News" I saw a call upon me, over your signatures, to become a candidate for the office of Judge of this Judicial District. You are aware that I have devoted my undivided attention thus far in life solely to my profession, and have shunned office and all aspirations after it. It is therefore, now, with unfeigned diffidence that I agree to submit my name as a candidate for so important and responsible a station as that to which you desire to call me. By becoming a candidate at this time, I do not wish it to be understood that I intend to obtrude myself upon the people of the District, if they prefer some other person; and I will therefore always be ready cheerfully to withdraw my name from the candidacy, upon such preference being properly manifested.
I tender you severally my sincere acknowledgments for the flattering estimations in which you hold me.
Yours Respectfully,
W. W. TRIMBLE.

In speaking of MILLARD FILLMORE, the American candidate for the Presidency, the Princeton Kentuckian beautifully and truthfully says:
"Millard Fillmore is to-day the star toward whose cheering light thousands of eyes are turned for deliverance from our present troubles. He is a statesman of high intellect and firm resolve; a patriot pure and incorruptible. We have tried him in the time of danger, and he has approved himself worthy of his trust. Like the heroes of Buena Vista, 'he was baptised in fire and blood and came out steel.' His patriotism is bound by no Mason & Dixon line; it is as broad as the prairies and forests, the lakes and rivers of our continent, comprehending all in common brotherhood."

Our Position.
The eternal agitation and bandying of the slavery question in the public press and on political platforms is a curse to the nation. It is an intolerable nuisance which must be gotten rid of, unless we are resolved to let blustering foolhardiness get the better of common sense. We take the position that slavery is a domestic institution, and therefore as unfit to be dragged into the arena of national politics as the relation between man and wife, parents and children. This is the view, we believe, of all Americans. We set our faces resolutely and unchangeably against that war of words, barren of all but mischief, which invariably follows its introduction into the political arena. The party now in power are determined that it never shall rest if they can help it. Its perpetual agitation is never its breath and life blood. They intend never to cease using it as a foot ball as long as it proves a means of obtaining office. In 1852, at their national convention, they solemnly pledged themselves not to renew its discussion. The people know how that pledge was kept. The American party throws the whole subject out of national politics, and thus seals the doom of such reckless knaves and fanatics as Giddings, Atchison, Greeley, Stringfellow, Fred. Douglass, Stephen Douglass, and their dikes.—Hopkinsville Patriot.

DIABOLICAL ATTEMPT TO DESTROY A CHURCH.—Last night, between 8 and 9 o'clock, two explosions were heard in rapid succession. We learn that they were occasioned by the attempt of some malicious person or persons to destroy the Cathedral. Two boxes were placed, each heavily charged with powder, between the columns of the portico at the Cathedral, on Walnut street, between Second and Third streets; one of the boxes which was found afterwards, was wrapped compactly with twine, and would contain a pound of powder. They were placed in the open portico, and the design probably was to blow down the pillars of the church which might probably have the effect of demolishing the entire front. Who the perpetrators of this outrage were is not known, but it is to be hoped they will be ferreted out and severely punished.—We are glad to record that no damage was done to the church by this nefarious design.—St. Louis Republican.

Fatal Affray.
Yesterday evening Mr. Thomas B. Dent, druggist, corner of Walnut and Seventh streets, was fatally stabbed by Edwin Clark, formerly a clerk at Mr. C. C. Spencer's Auction House. He was stabbed in the breast with a small bowie-knife, the blade of which penetrated three or four inches, causing his death in three minutes. Clark, after inflicting the fatal wound, and seeing Dent fall prostrate upon the pavement, went directly to the jail and gave himself up.
The affray occurred in the street, in front of or opposite to Mr. Dent's shop, about 5 o'clock in the evening. We heard various versions of the affair, but as it will undergo a prompt legal investigation before giving the details. Clark, it is said, received some severe blows from Mr. Dent was an estimable gentleman, and his death brings sorrow to the hearts of his many friends.—Lou. Courier, 26th.

PRACTICAL "FUSION"—James Thompson has been convicted in Brooklyn, New York, and sent to the Penitentiary for three years and four months, for having two wives—a white and a black one.

Some of the wharf rats at St. Louis have been detected in extracting ferriage from the sucker boys, crossing over on the ice to St. Louis.

NATIONAL AMERICAN PLATFORM.

1st. An humble acknowledgment to the Supreme Ruler who rules the universe, for his protecting care vouchsafed to our fathers in their Revolutionary struggle, and hitherto manifested to us, their descendants, in the preservation of the liberties, the independence, and the Union of these States.

2d. The perpetuation of the Federal Union, as the palladium of our civil and religious liberties, and the only sure bulwark of American Independence.

3d. Americans must rule America, and to this end, native born citizens should be selected for all State, Federal, and municipal offices or government employment, in preference to naturalized citizens, *nevertheless*.

4th. Persons born of American parents residing temporarily abroad, should be entitled to all the rights of native-born citizens; but

5th. No person should be selected for political station, (whether of native or foreign birth), who recognises any allegiance or obligation of any description to any foreign prince, potentate or power, or who refuses to recognize the Federal and State constitutions (each within its sphere) as paramount to all other laws, as rules of political action.

6th. The unequalled recognition and maintenance of the reserved rights of the several States and the cultivation of harmony and fraternal good will between the citizens of the several States, and to this end, non-interference by Congress with questions appertaining solely to the individual States, and non-intervention by each State with the affairs of any other State.

7th. The recognition of the right of the native born and naturalized citizens of the United States permanently residing in any Territory thereof, to frame their constitution and laws, and to regulate their domestic and social affairs in their own mode, subject only to the provisions of the Federal Constitution, with their right of admission into the Union whenever they have the requisite population for one Representative in Congress. *Provided always*, that none but those who are citizens of the United States, and who have a fixed residence in any such Territory, ought to participate in the formation of the constitution, or in the enactment of laws for said Territory or State.

8th. An enforcement of the principle that no State or Territory can admit others than native-born citizens to the right of suffrage, or of holding political office, unless such persons shall have been naturalized according to the laws of the United States.

9th. A change in the laws of naturalization, making a continued residence of twenty-one years, of all not heretofore provided for, an indispensable requisite for citizenship hereafter, and excluding all paupers and persons convicted of crime from landing on our shores; but no interference with the vested rights of foreigners.

10th. Opposition to any union between Church and State; no interference with religious faith, or worship, and no test oath for office, except those indicated in the 5th section of this platform.

11th. Free and thorough investigation into any and all alleged abuses of public functionaries, and a strict economy in public expenditures.

12th. The maintenance and enforcement of all laws until said laws shall be repealed, or shall be declared null and void by competent judicial authority.

13th. Opposition to the reckless and unwise policy of the present Administration in the general management of our national affairs, and more especially as shown in removing "Americans" (by designation) and conservatives in principle, from office, and placing foreigners and ultraists in their places; as shown in a trucking subservience to the stronger, and an insolent and cowardly bravado toward the weaker powers; as shown in re-opening sectional agitation, by the repeal of the Missouri Compromise; as shown in granting to unnaturalized foreigners the right to suffrage in Kansas and Nebraska; as shown in its vacillating course on the Kansas and Nebraska question; as shown in the removal of Judge Bronson from the Collectorship of New York upon false and untenable grounds, as shown in the corruption which prevails some of the departments of the Government; as shown in disgracing meritorious naval officers through prejudice or caprice; as shown in the blundering mismanagement of our foreign relations.

14th. Therefore, to remedy existing evils, and prevent the disastrous consequences otherwise resulting therefrom, we would build up the "American party" upon the principles hereinbefore stated, eschewing all sectional questions, and uniting upon those purely national, and admitting into said party all American citizens, (referred to in the 3d, 4th, and 5th sections,) who openly avow the principles and opinions hereinbefore expressed, and will subscribe their names to this platform. *Provided, nevertheless*, that a majority of those members present at any meeting of a local Council where an applicant applies for membership in the American party may, for any reason by them deemed sufficient, deny admission to such applicant.

15th. A free and open discussion of all political principles embraced in our platform.

Our Deposit Bank.
Among the proceedings in the House, on Wednesday, the 20th inst., we noticed the following **MOTION**.
Mr. C. Duncan moved that a message be sent to the Senate asking leave to withdraw their report of the disagreement of this House to a bill from the Senate to incorporate the Deposit Bank of Cynthiana, Harrison county, which motion prevailed.

The bill having been returned to the House, Mr. Duncan moved to reconsider the vote rejecting the bill, and the question being taken the vote was reconsidered.

The bill was then passed—yeas 57, nays 26.

The editor of the Democrat says that we may continue to make mouths at him. We should suppose that one little passage in his history might prevent him from alluding to the subject of making mouths. It is said that a big Indian once thrashed him most cruelly upon the impression that he was making mouths at him; and some gentlemen who happened to be near by had great difficulty in convincing the indignant Hoosier that our neighbor was merely looking as usual, not putting on a single extra. The Hoosier apologized handsomely but he was heard afterwards to say that he wasn't more than half convinced after all.—Lou. Journal.

We learn that six more slaves from Kentucky reached the depot of the Underground Railroad in this city on Monday night. They were sent on to the terminus in Canada.—Cin. Columbian, 13th.

Messrs. Smith and Hopkins of Eminence, Ky., leave for New York to-day with a large lot of splendid blooded sheep. This will probably be the best lot of fat sheep, for the number, ever sent to that market.—Cin. Commercial, 14th.

LUTE is as brave as she is beautiful, and a thorough American. She is after that Sag Nicht, COPPERFIELD about right. It will teach him a lesson not soon to be forgotten.

[For the News.]
TO COPPERFIELD.
BY LUTE.

It cannot be, it cannot be,
A heart so young as thine,
Has been 'tired of all that's truthful
And left a ruined shrine!
It cannot be that 'Sag-Nicht' fled
And left that 'Sag-Nicht' fright,
That has withered all thy brave'y up
And turned thy charge to fight!

Oh! surely no rude hand has dared
To raise the hallowed shrine,
That 'Sag-Nicht' had built to worship at
Within that heart of thine;
No tongue from RAILROADS UNDERGROUND
Of Sin has dared to breathe,
Then left thee and thy 'Sag-Nicht' heart
O'er th' Union's fate to grieve!

Then talk no more in strains that are
More fit for Pat and Mike,
But emulate the boys that sang
The "Summer of Seventy-Six,"
When the voice of victory sweetly rang
And freedom held her sway,
And keep thy country's name as bright
As on that glorious day.
CYNTHIANA, Ky., Feb. 22d, 1756.

THE PEACE MOVEMENT.

We learn from Berlin that Count Nesselrode has issued a circular to the representatives of Russia in foreign countries, stating the motives for accepting the propositions of Austria, and also giving an exposé of the intentions of the Russian Cabinet, with reference to future negotiations. The concessions are declared to have been made, with a view to the re-establishment of peace, out of deference to the representations of friendly powers, and not because the interests of Russia call for the conclusion of that peace.

The propositions are said to be interpreted by the Russian party in Austria, as a permission to maintain Nicolaieff and other Russian forts on the Circassian coast, as well as the construction of those that have been partially destroyed.

It is said to have been determined by the Berlin Cabinet that Prussia shall not make any open demonstration of her wish to be admitted to the approaching conferences—it being considered probable that the conference will resolve itself into a general Congress, when, of course, she would be summoned to attend.

It is now affirmed that the conferences will take place at Paris. It is also stated that an armistice has been concluded for ninety days.—London Shipping Gaz.

QUICK WORK AND AN IMPORTUNE KISS.

A valuable female servant of Mr. J. W. Newland, of this city, escaped to Indiana yesterday morning, but was brought back in less than two hours.—According to her own account, a white man saw her the night before and made arrangements with her to meet him in the morning after breakfast at the Portland Railroad Depot, whence the two were to go off together. She went to the depot at the appointed time, found her white companion there, and took passage on the cars, having several dresses on and her face thickly veiled.—Those who saw her supposed her to be white.

The black woman and white man, the latter a big burly fellow, crossed the river on the ferry-boat, she being supposed all the while to be a white woman; and when the boat arrived on the other side, he passed out and ascended the bank first. She followed about ten steps behind, and when they were both on the top of the bank, the amorous and impatient rascal, thinking all safe and wishing to seize the first golden moment, raised her veil and kissed her. The ferryman saw that, although she had a white lover, she had a black face, and rushing up the bank, he seized her and demanded where she was going. She protested that she was free, but not being able to show the documents, she was brought back and lodged in jail even before being missed by the family to which she belonged.

The abolitionist, on losing his companion, repaired to a coffee-house in New Albany, but drank nothing, least perhaps he might wash the prized kiss from his lips. In the course of an hour or two, one of our police, thinking that the chap might be found near the scene of his discomfiture, went over and after a little search found him, and with the aid of a couple of the police officers of New Albany, seized and brought him back to this city; and he is now lodged in the same jail, though to his undoubted grief not in the same room, with his late companion. He will of course have a fair trial. Whether facts to justify his conviction can be established we cannot say—and we wouldn't if we could.

We understand that some persons were anxious yesterday to drag the alleged kidnapper from the jail and take his punishment into their own hands. Such an act would be utterly unjustifiable.—If a mob were to punish a kidnapper with death (the crime having no such legal penalty affixed to it) they would be guilty of murder; and they could not well inflict any other punishment so severe as that which a court and jury have the power to administer.—Lou. Jour.

National Convention.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 25.
MORNING SESSION.
Resolution offered that the National Convention has no authority to prescribe a platform of principles for this Convention, and we will nominate no candidate for President and Vice President who is not in favor of interdicting the introduction of slavery North of 36-30.

A motion to lay it on the table carried: yeas, 141; nays, 59.
Mr. Brownlow moved that the Conven-

tion proceed to the nomination of candidates for President and Vice President, forthwith, and moved previous question. Carried by a unanimous vote.

The prospects of Millard Fillmore as candidate appear very good.

The motion having prevailed, the Convention was about to commence balloting, when Mr. Perkins, of Connecticut, announced the secession of the delegation from that State, which was followed by the delegations from New Hampshire, Massachusetts and Rhode Island, and a portion of the delegations from Ohio, Illinois, Iowa and Pennsylvania.

The Convention then proceeded to ballot, and nominated Millard Fillmore for President, and Andrew Jackson Donelson for Vice President. Both nominations were made unanimously, and the test of feeling prevails with hearty enthusiasm. Mr. Donelson is now engaged in making a speech, returning thanks for the honor conferred upon him.

The ballot stood as follows:
Fillmore, 179; Law, 24; Raynor, 14; McLean, 13, and balance scattering.

The result of the ballot was received with great applause.

The vote for candidate for Vice President stood as follows:
A. J. Donalson, 181; Gardner, 12; Raynor, 8; Walker, 8; and Stewart, of Pennsylvania, 2.

The Convention then adjourned sine die.

August Election.

We are authorized to announce WILLIAM W. TRIMBLE, Esq., of Harrison, as a candidate for Circuit Court Judge in the 9th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Kenton, Campbell, Bracken, Pendleton and Harrison.

Kentucky Age, Cor. Journal, Newport News, Mayville Eagle, and Mayville Express copy to the day of Election, and send bills to this office.

SAMUEL M. MOORE, of Covington, is a candidate for Circuit Judge in the 9th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Bracken, Campbell, Harrison, Kenton and Pendleton.

BRUCE PORTER, of Covington, is a candidate for Circuit Judge in the 9th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Bracken, Campbell, Harrison, Kenton and Pendleton.

We are authorized to announce E. H. PHILIPS, as a candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney in the 9th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Kenton, Campbell, Bracken, Pendleton and Harrison.

Wonderful and extraordinary cure of rheumatism of twenty years' standing.—Never in my life have I had so much pleasure, in doing any thing as in giving this certificate to the world, and I hope it may be the cause of thousands of my fellow creatures being relieved from that dreadful disease, rheumatism. My wife has been afflicted with it for twenty years, most of the time suffering excruciating pains in every part of her body. Having no appetite whatever, she was reduced to almost a skeleton. She could not walk, she could not sleep without taking large doses of opium. Every joint was swelled very much, and her knees, hands, and neck covered with large lumps. She could do no kind of work, the sinews and muscles being so hard and contracted that her limbs were drawn together so that she was obliged to be in bed constantly. In this condition she had been for twenty years, without ever getting any relief from every thing she used, until she commenced the use of H. G. FARRELL'S ARABIAN LINIMENT, the first bottle of which produced a great change. She has now used five bottles, and the swellings have nearly all gone down; pain has entirely left her, she can walk and stand, is more fleshy than ever she was in her life, has an excellent appetite, and spins and sews all day. By the use of a few bottles more she must be as well as she ever was. If any one doubts this wonderful cure, he has only to call at my residence near Peoria, and learn the circumstances from my wife's own lips, or he can further inquire of any of my neighbors.

SAMUEL ELSON.

H. G. Farrell's Arabian Liniment is also an excellent remedy for lumps, sprains, bruises, eczema, chilblains, burns, pain, toothache, sore eyes, etc., and in horses or cattle is the best remedy in the world where an external application is required.

LOOK OUT FOR COUNTERFEITS!
The public are cautioned against counterfeit, which has lately made its appearance, calling it H. G. Farrell's Arabian Liniment, and is most dangerous. It is sold in all the countries, because it has the name "H. G. Farrell" in its title, and the public are deceived by its cheapness, and they are not aware of the error when the serious mischief has wrought its evil effects.

The genuine article is manufactured only by J. G. Farrell, sole inventor and proprietor, and wholesale dealer, 17 Main St., Peoria, Illinois, to whom all applications for agencies must be addressed. He will give you the letters H. G. Farrell's to whom all applications for agencies must be addressed. He will give you the letters H. G. Farrell's to whom all applications for agencies must be addressed. He will give you the letters H. G. Farrell's to whom all applications for agencies must be addressed.

Price 25 and 50 cents and \$1 per bottle. Wanted in every town, village and hamlet in the United States, in which one is not already established. Address H. G. Farrell above, accompanied with good references as to character, responsibility, &c. nov. 16-4w

Bourbon House.

GENERAL STAGE OFFICE.
Corner of Main and Walnut Sts.,
OPPOSITE PASSENGER DEPOT OF C. & L. R. R.,
PARIS, KENTUCKY.
PASSENGERS en route to Cincinnati, Breakfast at this House.
MRS. R. THURSTON, Proprietress.
Livery and Sale Stable attached to the Hotel.
Jan. 29-11f

GEORGETOWN & PARIS REGULAR LINE.

ON and after the 1st of July 1856, I will run a daily line of Stages between these two points, and until further notice is given will run as follows: leave Georgetown, 8 o'clock A. M. Paris, 2 o'clock P. M. R. S. HOPKINS.

AND FROM
GEORGETOWN TO MY DEPOT, ON LEXINGTON & FRANKFORT RAILROAD.
I will still continue to run MY OMNIBUS, as heretofore, to connect with trains to and from Louisville. I have the public and former passengers and look for a continuance of the same. R. S. HOPKINS.

I. O. O. F.
HARRISON LODGE, No. 75, I. O. O. F., meets at its Hall, Miller's corner, on the third story—entrance on Pike st., every Saturday night at 8 o'clock. Transient Brethren are invited to attend. By order of the Lodge, R. H. GIBBONS, Jan. 1-29-11f Recording Secretary.

I HAVE NOW IN STORE THE LARGEST AND FINEST assortment of Piano Fortes ever brought together for sale, comprising between three and four hundred new instruments from the most celebrated and celebrated makers. Purchasers will find it to their interest to look through my stock before making their selections. I can warrant them a first class instrument at a very low price. feb. 7-18-11f W. F. COLBURN, 28 West Fourth St.

Short Credit—Prompt Payment!!

I, HERETOFOR, all accounts against my customers will be closed and settled on the 1st day of July and January of each year, and if accounts are not paid at that time, interest will be charged until they are paid. 2nd. No credit for small amounts; cash will be expected from all except those who have regular accounts. 3rd. None but persons of undoubted responsibility need ask for credit, as all others will be promptly refused. Jan. 31 17-11f JNO. L. MAGEE.

SCOTT'S LITTLE GIANT



CORN AND COB MILL

[Patented, May 16th, 1854]
THIS Mill has doubtless attained a more sudden celebrity for doing its work with rapidity and ease than any other article of labor-saving Machinery ever presented to the agricultural world. Some 4000 have already been sold the past season at Baltimore and Cincinnati alone; and so far as is known, have given satisfaction. For portability, simplicity of construction and convenience of use, the little giant has no equal. It weighs from three to five hundred pounds, according to size, can be adjusted and used with convenience by any body. The little giant has received the First Premium at every State Fair from Missouri to Maryland the past fall, and that in the most complimentary manner.

These Mills are guaranteed against breakage or damage, and warranted to do their work in ear corn and grist fine, and to be in constant operation with a degree of care and convenience for Farm purposes never attained before.

Little Giant No. 2, is offered at \$40 complete, ready attaching the team, and warranted to grind 10 bushels of feed per hour with one horse. No. 3 at \$50, will grind 20 bushels per hour with one horse; No. 4 at \$60, will grind 30 bushels per hour with two horses.

Manufactured by Scott and Hedges, No. 9 Water st. Cincinnati.

On hand and for sale by
Wm. S. Spring, Cynthiana, Ky.
Bedford & Tucker, Paris, Ky.
O. M. Gains, Georgetown, Ky.
General Agent,
Nov. 28th, 2m.

'HOME AGAIN!'

BEN. ELLISTON,

BEGS leave to inform the drovers, traders and community in general, that he is once more at his old stand, "The Drovers' Inn," where he will ever be glad to meet all his old and new customers, and to do business as usual. The Drovers' Inn is within a hundred yards of the Cov. & L. R. Depot, and has just undergone a thorough refitting and remodeling. So comfortable, everybody.

Covington, Jan. 25, 1855-11f

GEORGE A. PRINCE & CO'S MELODEONS.—No instrument of this character has ever given such universal satisfaction. On the third of February, and annually for the past three years, and in no instance has one been returned as defective.

Wholesale and retail depot, No. 7 West Fourth street, Cincinnati.

In the Harrison Circuit Court.

F. C. Hughes, Plaintiff,
vs.
J. J. Steiner, Adm'r of
Whitehead Coleman, dec'd, Defendant.

THE creditors of Whitehead Coleman, dec'd, are hereby notified that I will receive proof of claims against the estate of said dec'd, until the 20th day of April, 1856, to-wit: On the third Saturdays in February and March, and first and third Saturdays in April next, at my office in Cynthiana. After that time no proof of claims against the estate of said dec'd will be received.

THOMAS WARR, Master Commissioner.
feb. 7-18-29

In the Harrison Circuit Court.

Greenup, Plaintiff, Adm'r of
Charles H. Anderson, dec'd, Plaintiff
vs.
Charles H. Anderson, Heirs & Creditors, Defendants.

THE creditors of Charles H. Anderson, dec'd, are hereby notified that the time for receiving proof of claims against his estate, has been extended to the first day of April, 1856. I will attend at my office in Cynthiana, on the second and fourth Saturdays in February, March and April, and on Thursday the first day of May, for the purpose of receiving proof on claims against said estate. After that time no proof will be received in the case.

THOMAS WARR, Master Commissioner.
feb. 7-18-3m.

Magnolia House,

MADISON STREET, COVINGTON, KY.
ONE MILE FROM THE RAILROAD DEPOT.

NOW OPEN.

THIS fine Hotel has been thoroughly renovated, painted and papered throughout, and is now in excellent condition. The furniture, carpets, bedding, &c., are all new and of the most approved style. Being long and favorably known as a caterer to the public taste, I feel confident in opening this House that I can satisfy the patronage hitherto extended to me, and assure them I shall never cease to merit a continuance.

THOMAS WARR, Master Commissioner.
Jan. 7-18-29

Blank Books.

JUST received the largest, finest and cheapest lot of Blank Books ever offered to the citizens of Harrison for sale at

I. F. MAGEE'S.

ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

FASHIONABLE Wedding, Visiting, Complimentary, and Business Cards, Notarial, Consular and Commercial, and all kinds of Cards, and all kinds of Stationery, Bills of Lading, and Exchange, Checks, Drafts, Notes, of Hand, Bill Heads, Circulars, Show Cards, and all kinds of Printing. I will forward specimens by mail, on application, with P. O. stamp, or on mail promptly attended to. Terms reasonable.—Address—WM. S. DUNNELL, Jan 31m 195 Broadway, cor. Dry Street, N. Y.

I BUY AT MILLER & REDMON'S FOR CASH!

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Cynthiana and surrounding country, that he is now daily receiving from the East and North, large quantities of his already well selected Stock of

DRY-GOODS & GROCERIES.

He has just received a large lot of the

FINEST EMBROIDERIES.

To those paying cash, he can promise Goods zero as cheap as any merchant who has adopted the exclusive cash principle; while he will accommodate prompt paying buyers with approved credit. Further we obligate ourselves to sell Goods cheaper than any other house in Cynthiana—let them be upon the cash principle, or what not. Jan. 8, 1856. 14-11f D. G. WESTGATE.

Singer's Sewing Machine.

THESE Machines have long sustained the highest reputation in the United States. The

FIRST PREMIUM.

A Gold Medal, has recently been awarded to them at the great Exposition at the Palace of Industry in Paris, and thus they have the World's verdict of superiority. Great improvement have been made, so that they run without noise, with ease to the operator at double the ordinary speed, so that

Twice as Much Work can be done in a day.

The greatest clothing and shoe manufacturing establishment in the country, use these machines exclusively. They are competent to perform every sort of work in the most perfect style.

As there is a very great number of inferior or entirely worthless sewing machines of the Lever & Blodgett, Avery, Wilson, Grover & Baker, and other patents, which have been sold, but cannot be used to any advantage, we hereby offer to receive all such machines, and to exchange them for our own manufacture, in exchange for new and latest improved machines, on liberal terms. All old machines are obtained by us, will be broken up and destroyed. For particulars apply by letter or personally at our New York Office.

S. B. Local Agents wanted to make sales of our improved sewing machines. To persons properly qualified for the business, a rare opportunity for profitable and pleasant employment is offered.

Principal Office, 323 Broadway, N. Y.
Branch Office: 47 Hanover St., Baltimore. 223 Walnut St., Cincinnati. 134 St. Charles St., New Orleans. 110 West 4th St., New York.

H. V. the only complete assortment of Brass Instruments to be found in the city, consisting of

Six Horns, plain;
Six Horns, German Silver Tips;
Six Horns, with Rotary Valves;
Cornets, Trumpets, Trombones, Ophicleides, &c.
Orders promptly filled, and great care taken in the selection of instruments. Piano and Melod. Dealer.

Oct 4 78 West Fourth street, Cincinnati.

A FEW more of those fine WILLOW WAGONSIET—call and get one at

MARTIN'S.

G. A. WEBSTER,

WILL sell goods at Very Low Profit, Cash, or on his usual time to prompt paying customers.

Feb. 14-19 11f

JUST RECEIVED—additional supplies—the most approved COOK & FRYING pans, Stoves to Stoves, also Sheet Zinc, and offered on reasonable terms. Feb. 14-19 11f C. A. WEBSTER.

JUST RECEIVED—a supply of CASTINGS and HOLLOW WARE, consisting of 16 to 20 gal. Kettles, Ovens, Skillets and Lids. Old Lids and Hens from for sale low. Feb. 14-19 11f C. A. WEBSTER.

IRON AND STEEL—Just received, a general assortment. Assorted Bar from 1 1/2 to 16x16 inch square 1 to 1 inch. Rod 3/4 to 7/8 inch. Hoop 3/4 to 2 inch. Wagon Boxes in sets. And will be sold low by C. A. WEBSTER. Feb. 14-19 11f

TIN WARE—Just received, a general assortment of best City Made Tin Ware, which will be sold at low prices by C. A. WEBSTER. Feb. 14-19 11f

RENEWED SUPPLIES—Just received, a select assortment of Ladies and Children's Work Baskets, Satchels, Market and School Bags, which are sold cheap by C. A. WEBSTER. Feb. 21-29 11f

TUBS, BUCKETS, CHURNS, &c.—Just received a general assortment of the best of Pine and Cedar Tubs, Water and Sifter Buckets, and other extra large and Horse Buckets, Churns and Keelers, Sugar and Butter Pans, Brass Trained Cedar Buckets, Butter Pans, Buckets, &c. &c. &c. will be offered at low prices by C. A. WEBSTER. Feb. 21-29 11f



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